

A B C D E F G H I J K L M
 N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
 a b c d e f g h i j k l m
 n o p q r s t u v w x y z
 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 & @ \$

REG A a B b C c D d E e F f G g H h I i
 J j K k L l M m N n O o P p Q q R r
 IT A a B b C c D d E e F f G g H h I i
 J j K k L l M m N n O o P p Q q R r
 BD A a B b C c D d E e F f G g H h I i
 J j K k L l M m N n O o P p Q q R r
 BD IT A a B b C c D d E e F f G g H h I i
 J j K k L l M m N n O o P p Q q R r
 SC A A B B C C D D E E F F G G H H I I
 J J K K L L M M N N O O P P Q Q R R

REG Double-blind studies have repeatedly found that stating the obvious primarily serves to convey something which is already know, recognized, acknowledged or understood. Research has further confirmed that re-peating, reiterating, or recapitulating this test result (i.e., that stating the obvious repeats what is already know) only intensifies the uselessness of the message in direct propor-

IT *tion to the number of repetitions, while creating a sense of annoyance, aggravation, and frustration in test subjects, including those who (out of ignorance, masochism, lack of basic willpower, or some other character defect) allow themselves to read, listen to, or mentally assimilate such pointless and drawn out messages without being able to stop before reaching the very end, conclu-*

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BD IT *the message in direct proportion to the number of repetitions, while creating a sense of annoyance, aggravation, and frustration in test subjects, including those who (out of ignorance, masochism, lack of basic will power, or some other character defect) allow themselves to read, listen to, or mentally as-*

SC BEFORE REACHING THE VERY END, CONCLUSION OR TERMINUS. DOUBLE-BLIND STUDIES HAVE REPEARTEDLY FOUND THAT STATING THE OBVIOUS PRIMARILY SERVES TO CONVEY SOMETHING WHICH IS ALREADY KNOW, RECOGNIZED, ACKNOWLEDGED OR UNDERSTOOD. RESEARCH

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